# **IPSI Case Study Summary Sheet**

## **Basic Information**

Title of case study		COMDEKS Project: Datça-Bozburun peninsula			
Submitting IPSI member organization(s)		United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)			
Other contributing organization(s)		Ministry of the Environment Japan (MOEJ), SCBD, UNU			
Author(s) and affiliation(s)		United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)			
Format of case study		Manuscript	Language	English	
Keywords		Coastal, Protected areas, Agriculture, Alternate livelihoods, Tourism			
Date of submission		6 March 2017			
Web link h	http://collections.unu.edu/eserv/UNU:6011/communities_in_action_comdeks.pdf#page=136				

# Geographical Information

Country	Turkey			Location(s)	Location(s)		Muğla province		
Longitude/latitude or Google Maps link https://www.google.com/maps/@36.7186771,27.8634021,11z						1z			
Ecosystem(s) (please place an "x" in all appropriate boxes)									
Forest	Х	Grassland		Agricultural	х	In-land water		Coastal	х
Dryland		Mountain		Urban/peri-urban		Other			
Socioeconomic and environmental characteristics of the area									
The target area is a diverse, hilly landscape with harbors and bays along its coasts. Additionally, the peninsula									
encompasses a valuable marine and coastal area that is an important nursing ground for several marine species and									
a source of rare fauna. The population of the target landscape exceeds 100,000 people, with high population growth									
due to significant migration into the area.									
Description of human-nature interactions in the area									
About 90 percent of the Datça-Bozburun peninsula is protected under several natural parks, wildlife reserves, natural									
and archeological sites. However, due to increasing tourism and residential development, traditional practices are									
increasingly being abandoned; human attachment to nature is progressively weakening, resulting in degradation of									

the landscape and loss of heterogeneity. Fishing is a major source of income in the region. Almost all forested land is owned and managed by the state.

## Contents

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Status	Ongoing	Period	06/2011 – 12/2017				
Rationale							
As a result of increasing development pressures and accompanying habitat destruction in local land and marine							
ecosystems	s, the rate of degra	adation of the	e landscape is increasing. In addition, recent changes in national laws				
regarding p	protected area mai	nagement ha	ve some troubling implications for the area's parks and protected				
areas.							
Objectives							
Improved o	or maintained ecos	system service	es, reduced land degradation/habitat loss, and species with improved				
conservatio	on status; Increase	d resilience o	of agriculture through conservation of plant genetic resources and				
implementation of agro-ecological practices using traditional knowledge; Livelihoods of people improved							
through eco-friendly community-based enterprises; Institutional governance mechanisms strengthened to							
make decisions on land use and sustainable economic development.							
Activities and/or practices employed							
Improving	the sustainability o	of local fisheri	es by educating fishers and consumers; Increasing the visibility of				
local fisherwomen and improving their livelihoods and connections; Increasing the income, efficiency, and							
sustainability of local traditional almond producers; Rehabilitating a local sacred site and promoting							
ecotourism; Promoting conservation plans for area forests and endangered mammals; Exchanging information							
on local landscape projects, and building community acceptance and enthusiasm for landscape interventions							

Results						
Progress was made in suppressing illegal fishing; The social standing of local fisherwomen has been raised;						
Local production of the Datça almond has been improved with a shelling machine; Projects at Hacet Evi Hill, a						
sacred site, have rehabilitated and revegetated the site; Local scientists and community members have directly						
informed government conservation plans; Communication has improved, educating community members						
about the need for action, and informing them of successes already achieved.						
Lessons learned						
Gaining the attention of local authorities is important for projects; For a network to be effective, it must						
become more formalized, visible, and accessible; Simple interventions can play a key role in the success of a						
project; A designated education center can strengthen and amplify dissemination; Knowledge management						
and public information exchange are essential to a landscape-wide sense of identity and ownership.						
Key messages						
In the marine environment, progress has been made in cutting back on illegal fishing within protected waters,						
and the low social profile of women fishers has begun to be addressed. On the terrestrial side, the portfolio has						
contributed to conservation while working to safeguard the traditional land use mosaic. The program has						
placed a great emphasis on awareness raising and knowledge sharing, and a peninsula-wide network is starting						
to form that can approach present and future work at the landscape level.						
Relationship to other IPSI activities This case study is part of the COMDEKS Project						
Funding of USD 480,000.00 was provided by the Japan Biodiversity Fund through the GEF Small						
Grants Programme for COMDEKS Nepal.						

## Contributions to Global Agendas

The table below shows based on the self-evaluation by author(s).  $\bullet$  and  $\blacksquare$  indicates the "direct" or "indirect" contributions to the following global agendas respectively to which the work described in this case study contributes to.



## CBD Aichi Biodiversity Targets (<u>https://www.cbd.int/sp/targets/</u>)

## UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) (<u>https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/sdgs</u>)

•				•			•	
	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	<b>5</b> GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	<b>9</b> INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
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<b>10</b> REDUCED INEQUALITIES	<b>11</b> SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	<b>13</b> CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	<b>17</b> PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
$(\Xi)$		CO		$\mathbf{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}}$			*	

## UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) (<u>https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/sdgs</u>)

Please place an "x" in the "direct" or "indirect" boxes next to any of the UN Sustainable Development Goals to which the work described in this case study contributes as appropriate. Note: please mark only those that the case actually has made or is making a contribution, not those to which it could make a potential contribution in the future.

SDG	Description	Direct	Indirect
1 <sup>NO</sup> POVERTY <b>††<del>\$</del>¥<b>!</b>**</b>	End poverty in all its forms everywhere	x	
2 ZERO HUMBER	End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition, and promote sustainable agriculture		x
3 GOOD HEALTH 	Ensure healthy lives and promote wellbeing for all at all ages		
4 EDUCATION	Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all		
5 GENDERY	Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	X	
6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all		
7 AFTOREMELE AND DEAN INTERY	Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all		
8 BECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC SROWTH	Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment, and decent work for all	x	
9 MEUSTRY, RHOUATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE	Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialisation, and foster innovation		x
10 REDUCED INCOLLINES	Reduce inequality within and among countries		
11 SUSTANABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable		
12 ESPONSIBIE CONSIDERING AND PRODUCTION	Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns	x	
13 climate	Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts		

14 UFF BELOW WATER	Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development	x	
15 UN LAND	Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification and halt and reverse land degradation, and halt biodiversity loss	x	
16 PEACE JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels		
17 PARTNESHIPS FOR THE COALS	Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalise the global partnership for sustainable development		