GEF's Experience in Mainstreaming Biodiversity into Production Landscapes and Seascapes: Potential Collaboration



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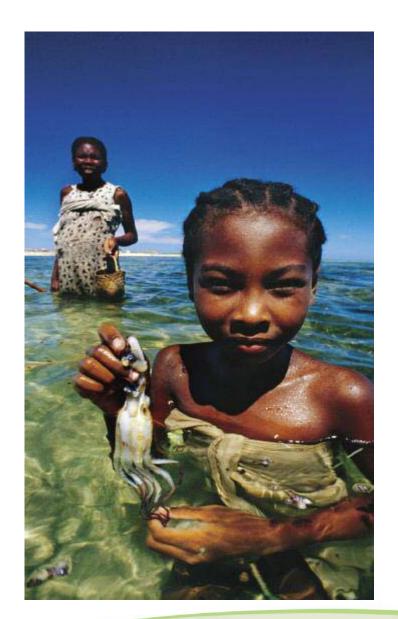
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Overview of Presentation

- 1. Introduction
 What is the GEF?
 Investments and Key Achievements
 GEF Strategies
- 2. GEF's experience in mainstreaming biodiversity into production landscape/seascape and sectors

 Project examples:
- 3. Potential synergies and collaboration with the Satoyama Initiative





What is the GEF?



A financial mechanism established to protect the global environment and promote sustainable development.

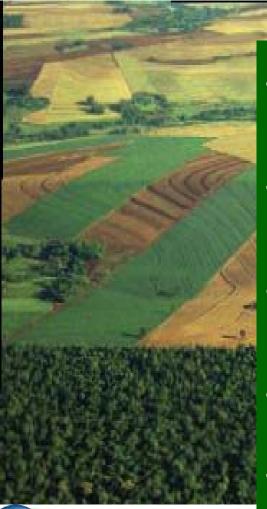
GEF supports developing countries and economies in transition on incremental cost of actions to protect the global environment.

Financial mechanism for the CBD, UNFCCC, UNCCD, and POPs.

GEF's Six Focal Areas: Biodiversity, Climate Change, Int'l Waters, Ozone depletion, Land degradation, and POPs.



Biodiversity: Investments and Key Achievements



- GEF Investment of \$2.3 billion, with \$5.4 billion cofinance, to support 790 projects in more than 155 countries to conserve and sustainably use of biodiversity
- Improved management of 2,302 protected areas, covering 634 million hectares, helped achieve global target of 10% of the world's land under protection
- Enabling productive landscapes and seascapes to become biodiversity-friendly, covering over 160 million hectares
- Pioneer investor in testing and scaling-up of conservation trust funds and payments for ecosystem services
- Supported the development of National **Biosafety**Frameworks in 123 countries and their implementation

GEF's Grant Schemes

Biodiversity Investment:

FY2007-2010, approx \$1 billion

Grant sizes:

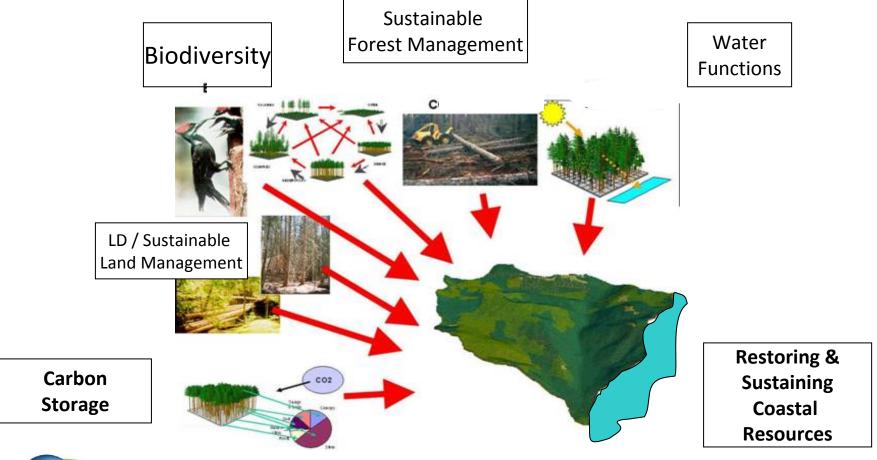
- Full-size project (above \$1 million)
- Medium-size project (below \$1 million)
- Small Grants Program (max \$50000)

Grant modalities:

- Country, Regional and Global level Projects
- Programmatic Approach (i.e. umbrella program framework with sub-projects)



The Multiple Dimensions of Natural Resources Management





GEF's Biodiversity Program: Goals and Strategic Objectives

Goal: Conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and the maintenance of ecosystem goods and services



- Improve Sustainability of Protected Area Systems
- Mainstreaming Biodiversity
 Conservation and Sustainable Use in Production Landscapes/
 Seascapes and Sectors
- 3. Build capacity for the implementation of the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety
- Capacity Building on Access and Benefit Sharing





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Mainstreaming Biodiversity in Production Landscapes/Seascapes and Sectors

- Strengthening the policy and regulatory framework (e.g. agriculture, fisheries, forestry, etc) to incorporate biodiversity,
- Fostering markets for biodiversity goods and services (e.g. PES, certification, etc) for conservation and
 sustainable use of biodiversity.

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Integrated Approach: GEF's Sustainable Land Management & Sustainable Forest Management Programs

Sustainable Land Management

- 1. Maintain or improve flow of agro-ecosystem services to sustaining the livelihoods of local communities
- 2. Generate sustainable flows of forest ecosystem services in drylands, including sustaining livelihoods of forest dependant people
- 3. Reduce pressures on natural resources from competing land uses in the wider landscape
- 4. Increase capacity to apply adaptive management tools in SLM

Sustainable Forest Management

- 1.Reduce pressures on forest resources and generate sustainable flows of forest ecosystem services.
- 2.Strengthen the enabling environment to reduce GHG emissions from deforestation and forest degradation and enhance carbon sinks from LULUCF activities.



Synergies with Satoyama Initiative

- Landscape and seascape level approach for biodiversity conservation and sustainable use.
- Mainstreaming biodiversity in production sectors, such as forestry and agriculture.
- Bio-cultural approach using traditional knowledge for biodiversity conservation and sustainable use (e.g. indigenous peoples and gender).



GEF Projects related to the Satoyama Initiative

During GEF4 (2007-2010), about 80 out of total 200 projects were mainstreaming projects.

- Production Land/Seascape level projects
- Production sector level projects: Agrobiodiversity, fisheries, tourism projects (e.g. GIAHS, Costa Rica PES, etc)
- Projects involving Indigenous Peoples and Traditional Knowledge
- Community-based projects
 - Small Grants Program
 - Critical Ecosystem Partnership Fund (CEPF)



Projects at the Landscape level: The Green Corridor Project in Vietnam



Create a landscape corridor through a mosaic of land use, including protected area, forest, and farming in Central Vietnam, which also help create resilient ecosystems and livelihood opportunities for local people.

- Strengthen national policy, regulations and capacities for forest management.
- Improve incentives for forest management, including communitybased micro-enterprises and certification schemes.
- Establish a participatory monitoring and evaluation system

Projects with Production Sector:

Mainstreaming agro-biodiversity conservation into the farming systems of Ethiopia

Project objective:

 Provide farming communities with incentives (policies, capacity, markets and knowledge) to mainstream conservation of agrobiodiversity.

Project components

- Policy and Institutional Framework for In Situ Conservation of agro-biodiversity.
- Markets for agro-biodiversity friendly products promote farmer uptake.
- Crop Wild Relatives are conserved in insitu gene banks (set side areas) that continue to provide "breeding ground for agro-biodiversity"





Projects with Indigenous Communities:

Integrated Ecosystem Management Project in Central America

Project Objective

To achieve effective conservation of biodiversity and natural resources in Central American countries by strengthening the capacity of indigenous communities to protect and manage their natural and cultural resources, rescuing and reinforcing traditional land use practices they have developed over centuries.













Project components

- Establish a network of indigenous communities and build organizational and institutional capacity;
- Promote exchanges between indigenous communities on traditional knowledge etc;
- Consolidating culturally based sustainable natural resource management practices and sustainable land use;
- Supporting projects for sustainable production, promotion and marketing of traditional products, environmental services and eco/ethno-tourism.

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- GEF Small Grants Program
- Critical Ecosystem Partnership Fund

Partnership fund for Hotspots conservation (over \$200 million)

- Government of Japan
- L' Agence Française de Développement,
- Conservation International,
- Global Environment Facility
- MacArthur Foundation, and
- The World Bank





A Unique Partnership





■\$113.8 million in grants awarded;

funds provided by grant recipients

■1,500 civil society groups supported

•\$221 million in matching

As part of the current 5-Year Vision Biodiversity conservation integrated into landscape & development planning

Target: 1 million hectares



Potential Collaboration

- Further define the initiative.
- Share lessons and case studies: from GEF's investment on mainstreaming biodiversity in production land/seascapes and sectors.
- Financing related projects: Satoyama Initiative could utilize the existing GEF mechanism to finance related projects that conform with the GEF5 strategy, based on countries' interest and needs.



