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## 1. INTRODUCTION: Presentation of Gabon



## Gabon is:

- Located on Congo Basin with rich biodiversity
- 267 667 km² of area:
  85 % of the territory is covered with the big equatorial forest,
- 800 km of Coast on the Atlantic Ocean
- 1, 5 million of population
- Young population; 52% are less than 25 years old

- Until today, Gabonese economy depends on three products: petroleum, wood and manganese, but the Government is engaged on diversification of his national economy with a large part for the valorization of biodiversity and ecosystem services
- the vision for this diversification is:
  - local transformation of natural resources,
  - creation of new path for the commercialization goods and services from natural ecosystem, development of industrial technologies and services

- 2. National Political axis and vision for the development of Gabon
- A strong political engagement for a diversification based on conservation of biodiversity and environmental preservation
- Gabonese head of the state program of society with its three pillars: « Green Gabon », « Gabon industrial », « Gabon services »
- Reinforce the integration and taking account of biodiversity and ecosystem's services in strategies and intersectoral politics, and other

appropriate sectors

Scientific and technical research as a principal way to have sustainable political decision

- In this program Scientific and technical research have a principal and important role: produce information on biological resources and ecosystem services:
  - Produce information to improve knowledge about resources
  - Propose new method of use of these resources
- It is a way to have sustainable political decision:
  - Speech of Gabonese Head of the State at Nagoya for the COP 10 on biodiversity
  - Calling of Gabon to have an Pan-African Committee for the establishment of an Intergovernmental Sciece-Policy platform on biodiversity (IPBES)
  - To confirm his own position, Gabonese Government has started informal contact and reflexion about the creation of a national center for biodiversity with regional focus.

Conclusion:

Thank you