Developing a Green Economy: the Role of Socio-Ecological Production Landscapes

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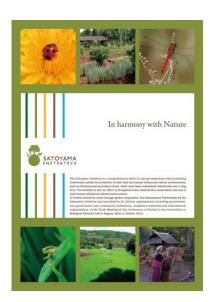






The Satoyama Initiative

- For "realizing societies in harmony with nature"
- Socio-ecological production landscapes
 - Created through human-nature interaction
 - Wise use of the surrounding nature
 - Provide humans with various ecosystem services and maintain biodiversity
 - Contribute to human well-being
- Applicable both in developed and developing countries



The three key points for moving towards society in harmony with nature

- New business models
 - Monoculture → various products with added value
- New commons
 Single stakeholder framework →
 multi-stakeholder framework
- Resilience

Resilience both in the face of frequent disasters and towards gradual environmental changes

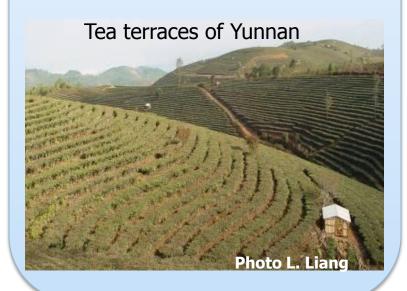
Green economy for societies in harmony with nature

- Green economy for mainstreaming sustainable development in the business sector
- New business models
 - to improve livelihoods without degrading biodiversity and ecosystem services
 - align with the objective of promoting societies in harmony with nature
 - make the best use of natural resources by transitioning to multi-products and high value-added agriculture, forestry and fisheries industries.

New business model for promoting green economy

Conventional Systems

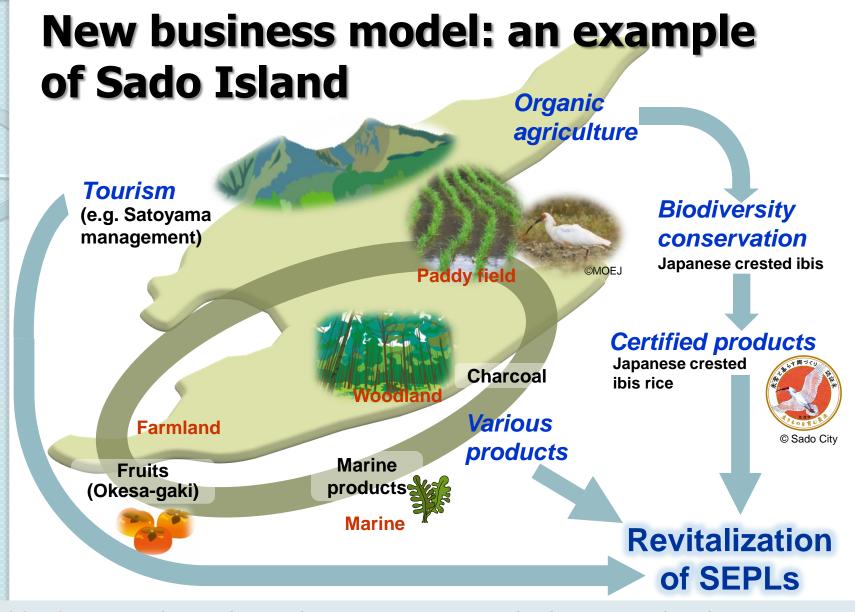
- Mono cropping
- Mass production
- Homogeneous landscape
- Lower price



Socio-ecological production system

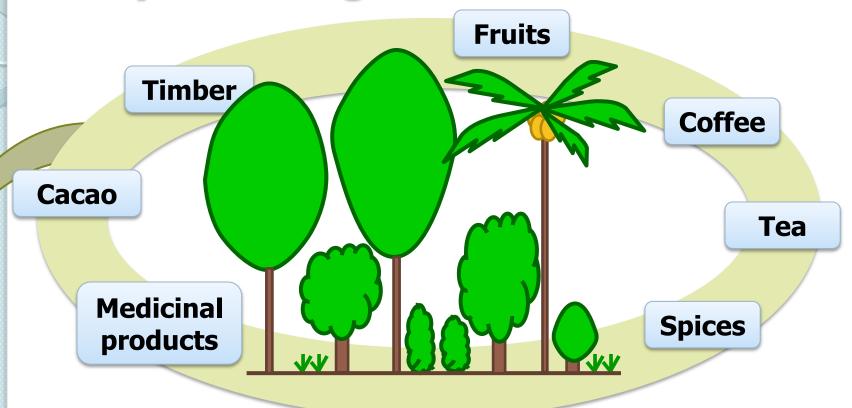
- Multi cropping
- Small volume production
- Mosaic landscape
- Additional value





- Add high value through production systems, which sustain biodiversity
- Handle various goods collectively and establish access to markets
- Build synergy between tourism and bio-production industries

New business model: an example of Kandyan homegarden in Sri Lanka



Development of **partnerships with multiple companies** for handling of various products while ensuring market access

Production Processing Distribution

Adding high-value to products



- Notion of improving livelihoods without degrading biodiversity and ecosystem services is in alignment with the vision of the *Satoyama* Initiative, namely realizing "societies in harmony with nature"
- The Satoyama Initiative can contribute to promoting the green economy through activities that build on and secure real "green" capital (i.e. natural capital)
- It is important to develop new business models by transitioning away from conventional uniform mass production towards models that keep diversity of products with high value added

Thank you!